Table 19. Amphibian and Reptile Occurrence in the Planning Area

Species	#MNHP records *	# records 1994- 1998	# sites 1996- 1998	Preferred Habitat
Long –toed salamander (Ambystoma macrodactylum)	31	20	0	Wetlands in low elevation sagebrush to alpine
Tiger salamander (Ambystoma tigrinum)	21	3	2	Ponds, lakes, springs, rodent burrows during daytime
Tailed frog (Ascaphus truei)	46	28	0	Small, swift, cold mountain streams
Western (Boreal) toad (Bufo boreas)	65	37	7	Terrestrial with wide range of elevation, breed in shallow water with mud bottom
Western chorus frog (Pseudacris triseriata)	40	37	5	Terrestrial except during breeding, grasslands and open forest
Northern leopard frog ( <i>Rana pipiens</i> )	21	7	0	Dense vegetation in non- forested habitat
Columbia spotted frog ( <i>Rana luteiventris</i> )	222	152	32	Water bodies within openings in forest habitat
Painted turtle ( <i>Chrysemys picta</i> )	14	10	1	Lower elevation ponds, lakes, slow moving streams
Rubber boa (Charina bottae)	32	5		Around logs and rocks in moist or dry forest types
Racer (Coluber constrictor)	13	3		Open habitat in shortgrass, shrublands or forest
Gopher (Bull) snake (Pituophis catenifer)	22	11		Dry arid areas in grassland, shrubland or open pine forest
Western rattlesnake ( <i>Crotalus viridis</i> )	39	17	2	Open, arid areas, rock outcrops
Common garter snake (Thamnophis sirtalis)	21	8		Forest habitats, low elevation wetlands
Western garter snake (Thamnophis elegans)	121	75	17	Most habitats but most common around wetlands

<sup>\*</sup>combined records for Dillon and Butte Field Offices